BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY JOHN H. LYNDE | BANGOR (ME.) MONDAY MORNING, MAY, 3, 1869. | VOLUME XXXVI—NUMBER 104.

THE BANGOR

Daily Whig & Courier,

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INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

The Bangor Weekly Courier

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S. M. NILES, Agent, Scollay's Building, Court street, Boston.

Subscriptions must in all cases be paid in advance.

☞ Subscribers finding this notice marked, will understand that the time for which they paid has nearly expired.

Your Subscription expires

BUSINESS CARDS.

MOSES N. WARD,
Machinist & Model Maker,

All kinds of repairing done to order, such as Whips Pipes, Canes, Fishing Tackle, Sewing Machines &c

No. 4 Main St., 2d flight.

I have also a number of Patents in the Agricultural line for sale. Persons calling can examine. Bangor, March 1st, 1869.

MELVIN PREBLE, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,
BANGOR, ME.

Office, No. 40 Essex, near State Street. Jan 19

H. L. WITCHELL,
Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law,

CAN BE FOUND AT
OLD OFFICE, - NO. 55 W. MARKET SQUARE
(Next to Wheelwright & Clark's Block.)
Bangor, Maine.

February 28, 1869.

Spring Style SILK
1869, HAT
NOW READY.
AND FOR SALE AT
V. L. CATINAUD'S,
No. 3 Taylor's Block,
OLD SILK HATS MADE INTO NEW STYLE
Bangor, March 15, 1869. 3mr

J. H. CLERGUE
BARBER
AND
Wig-Maker,

17 Exchange Street, Where can be found a Large Assortment of Fine Human HAIR, Gold Leaf, Front Pieces, Wigs and Half Wigs repaired at short notice. Ladies entrance 15 Exchange Street. may 20

WM. T. HILLIARD,
Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law,

Over Mercantile Bank, Hancock St.
Bangor, Nov. 22, 1868.—tf

Drs. O. H. & H. L. Jewell,
ECLECTIC PHYSICIANS,
OFFICE IN DRUG STORE,
East Side Exchange Street,
Three Doors from State Street.
Bangor, October 7th, 1868. 3tmr

SICILIAN
SHELL JEWELRY.
GOLD, JET, AND MALACHITE SETTS,
OF CHOICE DESIGN.
☞ LOOK AT OUR STOCK.
Watches, Clocks and Jewelry,
REPAIRED
Remember the place—14 Main Street
apr 7 LOWELL & SPENCER.

VOSES' CIDER.
FORTY BBLS.
Extra Voses' Cider,
(Warranted Pure Apple Juice.)
Just received and for sale by
A. H. POTE & CO.
No. 8, Hask End Kenduskeag Bridge.
feb 8 tf Bangor, Me.

Stock for Sale.

One DURHAM BULL, 3 years old. (first premium at the County Fair.)
One yoke of Steers 3d and 4th YEARLINGS, (first premium at the County Fair.
One Square blood South Down RAM.
This is some of the BEST STOCK in the State and will be sold low.
Thomas Heesey,
Nov. 16. No. 20 Main Street, Bangor.

BOOTS & SHOES
—AT—
Wholesale Only.

HAVING CLOSED MY RETAIL TRADE—to special notice—I shall hereafter devote exclusive attention to

Manufacturing, Jobbing,
AND
WHOLESALE BUSINESS,
IN
MOCCASINS,
BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS,
Hats, Trunks, Bags, Umbrellas, &c.
WITH
A FULL ASSORTMENT
OF THE
BEST STYLES AND QUALITIES,
Manufacturers' Prices.

DEALERS IN BOOTS & SHOES are invited to examine our stock before purchasing.

☞ PROMPT and CAREFUL ATTENTION paid to all orders.

J. OB DARLING,
138 and 135 EXCHANGE STREET.
Bangor, March 3d, 1869.

Wheat Meal,
Made from the Best of WHITE WHEAT.
—ALSO—
Corn and Rye Meal,
For sale by MORRILL & CO.
may 6

New Firm.
FIFIELD & CHISAM,
132 and 136 Exchange Street,
BANGOR.
Ready Made Clothing
For Men and Boys' Wear at
WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.
HATS AND CAPS,
Furnishing Goods,
And all articles generally found in a First Class Clothing Warehouse.

Having just returned from Boston, we are prepared to show one of the
Best Stocks
—OF—
ENGLISH, SCOTCH, GERMAN,
AND ALL
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
Woolens,
FOR THE
CUSTOM DEPARTMENT,
EVER OFFERED IN THIS MARKET.

Those who wish for GOOD GOODS, or CHEAP GOODS, can find
ALL GRADES AND STYLES
IN OUR STOCK, and
W. F. CHISAM,
Who will have charge of the Custom Department, will be pleased to wait on, and show the Goods to all with a call.

☞ Country Merchants are invited to examine our stocks, as we shall be found on the bottom line.

"Quick Sales and Small Profits"
FIFIELD & CHISAM.
Bangor, April 19th, '69. 1m

Read! Ponder! Reflect!!
AND SAVE YOUR MONEY,
BY BUYING YOUR
TEAS, COFFEES,
SPICES, &c.,
—OF THE—
GREAT
CHINA TEA CO.
No. 15 Central Street,
Bangor, Maine.

Who are offering greater inducements than are offered before to the consumers of Bangor and vicinity.

Look at some of our Prices.
Then come, or send and try us.

TEAS,
Oolong (Black), 50c. 60c. and the best $1 00 per lb.
English Breakfast (Black), 50c. 60c. and the best $1.00
Japan, 50 60, $1 00, and the best $1.25
Young and Old Hyson (Green), 50c. $1.25, $1.50

COFFEES.
Raw Rio 25c. Porto Bello 30c. Best Java 35c.
Burnt Rio 30c. Porto Bello 40c. Best Java 45c.
Burnt and Ground do 30c. 35c. 40c. & 50c.
BEST JAVA 45 cents.

10 lbs Best Rice,
8 lbs Best Starch,
8 lbs Pearlash,
5 lbs Soda,
5 lbs Seeded Raisins,
5½ lbs Layer Raisin,
6½ lbs Currants,
6½ lbs English Currants,
17 lbs Best Oat Meal,
8 lbs Corn Starch,
8 lbs Peerless Soap,
4 ounces Hosford's Bread Preparation,
16 lbs Bread Soda,

Sugar, Tobacco, Spices, &c.
at Low Accordingly.

☞ A FAIR DISCOUNT to the Country Storekeepers on Hosford's Bread Preparation. Those living in the country, who will club together, save their money, and get

Better Goods,
By sending their orders.

☞ All Orders promptly attended to.

☞ COME ONE, COME ALL ☜
AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.
REMEMBER THE PLACE,
15 Central Street, Bangor, Maine.
THOMAS WHITE,
apr 15 d&w PROPRIETOR.

GOLDEN AGE
DOLLAR STORE,
No. 5 MAIN STREET.
LADIES DAILY FIND
Great Bargains
Now Goods received by every Steamer.
☞ People from the Country are invited to call.
Our store the ONLY strictly
One Dollar Store
IN BANGOR
Under the Hatch House.
Bangor, April 19th, 1869. tf

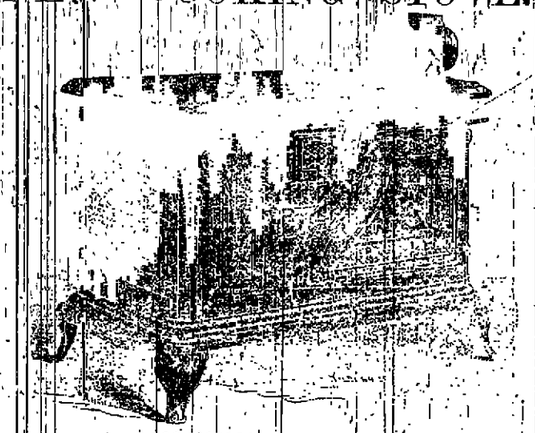
NEW
DRESS GOODS,
FOR SUITS,
JUST OPENED BY
Stanford & Whitney.
april 20

50 Pieces
BLACK ALPACA,
CHEAPER THAN EVER,
—AT—
Stanford & Whitney's.
april 20

KID GLOVES
Only $1.00!
EVERY PAIR WARRANTED,
—AT—
Williams, Getchell & Libby's.
Bangor, April 5th, 1869.

LYON, HALL & LEWIS,
Open this Morning,
AN ENTIRE NEW STOCK
—OF—
CARPETS.
☞ The public are invited to examine at
apr 12 14 West Market Square

The Standard!
MAGEE'S
NEW COOKING STOVE.



THE STANDARD bakes quick, and with less fuel than any other Stove in the market.

THE STANDARD has a large oven, all proportioned and thoroughly ventilated, so as to bake alike in the front as in the rear of the Stove.

THE STANDARD has a tube over the fire-box, for steaming vegetables, which can be put on while you bake the meat or broil, and roast before the meat is done.

THE STANDARD is a perfect fire Saver. The grate being hinged to the front, to be thrown back when replenishing the fire, thus preventing the escape of heat, and saving one-third in fuel.

THE STANDARD is a perfect Ash Sifter. The grate being hinged to the front, to be thrown back when replenishing the fire, thus preventing the escape of heat, and saving one-third in fuel.

THE STANDARD is a perfect Fuel Saver. The grate being hinged to the front, to be thrown back when replenishing the fire, thus preventing the escape of heat, and saving one-third in fuel.

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Whig & Courier.

JOHN H. LYNDES, - - PROPRIETOR.

MONDAY, MAY 3, 1869.

Those newspapers heretofore professing neutrality, but now earnestly laboring for a new party where, possibly their influence may for once predominate, are well calculated to injure the temperance cause by falsely creating the impression that the Republican press for the first time displays anxiety for the temperance cause. It is scarcely necessary to repeat that the Republican press of Maine has upon always unanimously in favor of temperance measures, and no amount of misrepresentation can prove that they are not sincerely anxious for the safety of the cause at this time. Those papers should understand that, although all honest men must be actuated by principle, it is necessary in carrying principles into party action to submit themselves somewhat to policy. Power is necessary to the success of any legislative reform as temperance has become; in order to gain power, organization is indispensable, and in order to make any organization practical, extreme individual views must to a certain extent compromise with others. Admitting all the most advance views of any reformer to be true in the abstract, its real friends will always inquire, how can we gain the object? and, in the absence of entire success, how can we secure approximation? Now, not even the most sincere and sanguine new party man can hope for the success of that party at the polls. It would simply distract and demoralize the friends of the temperance Republican party, and its effect were sufficiently evil to give victory to the Democracy, where would then be the cause of temperance? We have no fear of this result, because confident that the sound sense of the temperance leaders will show that their only true path is in the old organization. But with these dangers in view, no candid man can fail to appreciate our apprehensions for the safety of temperance, and no man uninfluenced by personal motives will discourage the endeavors of the Republican press to procure harmony of action amongst temperance men.

What did we tell the Portland Press in relation to its candidate before the coming Bangor Democratic Convention? Is Col. Smart still sound? And now the Maine Democrat comes to us with another awful conundrum, "Who shall the Democracy of Maine nominate for Governor?" This is a practical query, and from the standpoint of every severe Democracy, we think Col. Smart has committed suicide, and is out out of the ring. He says: "We hear a great deal of talk about adopting free trade. This is a great cry of the owls of New York city, and is repeated, parrot-like, by all the little newspapers in the land." Now that's treason to the great Democracy, and moreover it's severe upon the "little newspapers," whose enmity is henceforth the property of the bond-taxer. Here is another rap on the Democratic knuckles: "But for a man to talk of reduction, and at the same time overlook the necessity for a tariff, is but a specimen of the quackery and empiricism of the times," followed by the doubtful stab, "The dishonest slipping over of our real difficulty, by the Democrats as well as Republicans," &c., winding up with the coup-de-gras of taxing the bonds. Further along Col. Smart exclaims, "If you cannot find a Democrat in name who will stand up, in season and out of season, for an honest taxation of the bonds, take a man from any organization who will do so. We tell you the raft of political timber lies loosely around. Politicians of both parties may look out for a break in the jam." Already there are startling indications." One of these "indications" he regards the "revolt" in Monticello, and he alcoholizes it by saying that "Hon. Joe Warren Knowlton, of Liberty, says, April 26, 1869, he glories in her resolution." And, having administered that gentlemen a sort of back-handed puff, he concludes: "Now, Mr. Knowlton, we shall send you this paper, and ask you one question. Will you fellowship us to nominate a man for Governor who honestly stands by you do?" Which is a very plump interrogation, and ought to be heeded?

All this leaves us very much puzzled. We scarcely know whether Col. Smart is nominated, on whether he waives his claims in favor of the best, and wants Mr. Knowlton, though a Republican, to jump up and ride the Democratic mule. We only gather that, whoever the lucky man may be, the eyes of Monticello are upon him, and thence comes that western war-whoop.

To our former view however, we still "stick!" Bangor will place upon the course a true Democrat—a bred, ingrained, permeated with the true impediment—principles of Democracy. The convention will not accept an old free-soiler, war Democrat, Douglas Democrat, woolly-head, or ramrod revamped; it will not listen to any man who comes upon them insidiously, quietly, and upon tip-toes. It will demand a man who is not afflicted with political colic, or who is tender-footed, but who does most emphatically step upon the flat of his foot to the tune of unadulterated Democracy.

That monarchical organ, the Imperialist, says: "Congress is the Dictator. Give us a former government like England's and a man like Gen. Lee for a Monarch. We want no trash to rule over us as it has ruled and continues to rule." We believe the Belfast Journal, among other Democratic journalists, attempted to frighten its reader with the lucid idea that the Imperialist is a Republican organ, and herein is abusing the radicals and exalting the greatest Democratic captain of the age. Has not some powder been wasted? After this—what?

Mails from Rio Janeiro contain details of war in Paraguay. Partisans of President Lopez were numerous and active in Carrolloon and Logoa districts where they were pursuing guerrilla warfare. The allies sent a gunboat expedition up Parana river which had returned, and reported no fortifications discovered on the banks. Paranhos, with 300 men, was on the eve of Villa Rica, which was still in possession of the Paraguayans.

The Portland Transcript, speaking of the proposed political action by the temperance men of the state, says that there is need of action to stay the flood of intemperance, but the measures to be adopted should not be hastily decided upon, and whatever policy is pursued should be the result of due deliberation guided by no motive but those which have the success of the cause in view.

THE CUBAN QUESTION.—Our government has little more information about affairs in Cuba than is accessible to the general public. It is reported through the British consul at Nevassa that the Spanish authorities have fitted out and sunk a British vessel, and through another source that they have established regulations that require all commercial transactions to be submitted to inspection. The feeling is growing in official circles that such acts as those will ultimately compel governments like those of the United States and Great Britain to call the Spanish government to account.

The Gubernatorial Nomination.

LETTER INVITING GOV. CHAMBERLAIN TO BECOME A CANDIDATE.

SHOWHEGAN, April 16, 1869.

Gov. J. L. CHAMBERLAIN, Brunswick

Dear Sir.—The Republican party will soon again put in nomination a candidate for Governor. The able, honest and impartial manner in which you have served your high trust, the wise and salutary measures for the development and growth of the resources of Maine which have distinguished your administration, the rebuilding spirit of enterprise and the new courage which you have awakened in every branch of industries, the loftier pride and better love for the name and fame of our State, which you have created, have inspired in the people of the people the feeling that our Commonwealth is entering upon a new career of prosperity, and that the continuance of your services in the office of Chief Magistrate will greatly conduce to the end so devoutly to be desired. Be assured this feeling is shared not only by that thirty thousand young men of Maine who rallied with you in reforming the Judiciary of this State, by the great masses of active industrial and intellectual force who have in charge the future prosperity of our State. We therefore beg you to forego your personal inclinations and reconsider any different purpose you may have formed, and allow your name to be again presented for re-nomination.

Trusting that the same spirit of devotion which inspired your early services honorable and popular field, will prompt you to continue your later services in the same eminent, worthy.

Very respectfully,

Your Obedient Servants

ANSEL CORSON, WASHINGTON LONG,
O. H. MILLIKEN, J. P. MORSE,
NATHAN DANE, H. P. EMERSON,
NOAH WOODS, JOHN BEALE,
THOS. S. LAM

GOVERNOR CHAMBERLAIN'S REPLY.

BRUNSWICK, April 27, 1869.

Gentlemen,—I have to acknowledge the receipt of your communication, in which you invite me to accept again the candidacy for the office of Governor.

After repeated elections in this State, or, the last time by the largest vote ever given by the people of Maine, I declined to enter into the harrassment of further service, preferring to the privacy from which I was called by the pecuniary which more than life of the Republic. Years have placed between to convey to me in terms of confidence which I dare not appreciate them to my self, but with the testimony of opinion too potent to be disregarded, the impression that I may still be of service to the State. You call to the most sacred trusts—of service, duty, of devotion. I hear the trumpet of the bugle-call to action, and I obey. To whom I lose it is right that I should serve.

With a spirit of consecration to the sacred memories which in life I owe to the dead, and still strong in the faith of the cause, and actuated by the pride of the name I shall deem myself honored by any service to which the people of Maine may assign me in the oncoming battle of truth.

Your friend, and servant,

JOSHUA L. CHAMBERLAIN.

To ANSEL CORSON, DENNIS K. MILLIKEN, NATHAN DANE, NOAH WOODS, J. P. MORSE, GEORGE H. EMERSON, GARDNER BEALE, THOMAS S. LAM.

THE GRAND DIVISION OF SONS OF TEMPERANCE closed their session in Winterville Thursday. In the afternoon a procession with them to promote unity of action between the two orders took place. A committee, to which was referred the matter of agencies for the purchase of intoxicating liquors for medicinal and mechanical purposes, submitted a report which was adopted. The report considers the present law respecting agencies as carefully drawn and as well guarded as it can be to secure the end for which it was intended. The committee admit that some cases do not follow the provisions of the law in the sale of liquor, and say they are satisfied that the State Commissioner conducts his business strictly under the law and is a man who merits their approval. They declare it is the duty of temperance men to see that our several agencies are conducted according to law.

An interesting and laughable scene took place respecting political action, temperance men, which was participated in by Hon. Joshua Nye, Rev. D. B. Randall, Rev. E. W. Jackson, Hon. Henry Talman, S. I. Roberts, S. O. Wood, and others. This debate resulted in the unanimous adoption of the following resolutions:

Resolved, That in the opinion of the Grand Division, the State Temperance Committee should call a convention of friends of temperance previous to the meeting of the State conventions of the political parties, for consultation for the good of the cause, and to take such measures as shall secure its safety.

Resolved, That a full number of the parties nominate a candidate for Governor satisfactory to the temperance men of the State, another convention be called for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Governor, to be supported by temperance men.

We give on our fourth page an interesting and instructive letter by Hon. George M. Weston upon the subject of the fisheries of the European & North American Railway upon our local and national interests. It should be read by every one having [illegible] at heart. The New York [illegible] upon [illegible] Mr. Weston's interesting [illegible] on the "Northern Pacific" [illegible] that, of the road [illegible] Lake Superior and [illegible] Union men not content to [illegible] They [illegible] the State of Georgia [illegible] a dangerous precedent to follow, and will not be [illegible] enough to surrender their [illegible] those who by any means [illegible] deprive them of the same if they could [illegible] favorable opportunity. The [illegible] will not pay any of the colored [illegible] generally conceded by all true Republicans and Democrats that the Walker [illegible] not [illegible] vote in the State.

Last Saturday we were treated at the Capitol with a visit from Mr. W. D. Wallach, the editor of the Washington Evening Star, who, it is announced himself as an independent candidate for Congress from the City District of Virginia, came here to solicit the support of the people, by the way, issued to [illegible] just before the beer-pub of [illegible] and [illegible] nation to power [illegible] and before [illegible] back here to [illegible] around here to Congress—in the [illegible] where the swamp rep to right [illegible] are hung him in effigy.

What do the people say? Why, they [illegible] "Dan. Wallach" is wearing [illegible] clothing, while Mr. Whittlesey, the regular nominee, is certainly [illegible] record the Times and has party [illegible] editor of "The Journal" at Richmond [illegible] James, and all into the House of Representatives of the United States by the votes of the people of the District just as surely as [illegible] will go down behind the [illegible] election day.

We wish with confidence our triumph [illegible] the East [illegible] the early and [illegible] in the Old Dominion.

Yours truly,

A TRUE ALMEN YANKEE.

FROM BEHIND A REBEL GENERAL.—Jubal Early, the rebel General who once tried to capture Washington, is again on the war path. On Monday last, at the General was sitting on the front steps of Lynchburg, reading a newspaper, the editor thereof, Mr. Hilton, came up and said "Good morning, Mr. General," who did not take off his editorial hat, but replied, "Good morning." Hilton, who had been insulted, refused to return the salutation, and words led to blows, Gibbs getting badly pounded.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Oriental Lodge, No. 60, I. O. of O. F

STATED MEETING this (MONDAY) evening, commencing at [illegible]

A. J. BOND, Secretary.

Landscape Photographs!

Now the time to take views of

Private residences & Grounds

and other things out doors.

I will make HIGH GRAPHIC VIEWS for

ONE WEEK.

S. WISAWYER,

Kenduskeag Bridge.

Facts!

YOU CAN GET ANY THING IN THE

JEWELRY LINE

MADE AND REPAIRED

AT

EBEN STEVENS,

No. 36 HAMMOND STREET,

BY SCOAN JEWEERY

Retired and Reliable.

ENGRAVING done to order.

may 1 1m

ANDREWS'

EXHIBITION BALL,

AT

NORUMBEGA HALL,

Wednesday Evn'g May 5th.

Don't fail to go and see his JUVENILE CLASS in their

New and Beautiful Dances!

Admission, 35 cents.
Reserved Seats, 50 cents.
Tickets for sale at Bartlett's Book-store, apr24

City of Bangor.

The regular meetings of the Joint Standing Committee on Accounts and Claims, will be holden at the Aldermen's Room, City Hall, on the FIRST MONDAY of each month, at 3 o'clock P. M.

Bangor, April 2, 1869. 1m

A. S. WEED, Chairman.

CARPETINGS!

CARPETINGS!

WE HAVE NOW IN STOCK

A GOOD ASSORTMENT

OF

Brussels Tapestry,

THREE-PLY,

Ingrain & Straw Mattings.

Purchasers are invited to call and examine our Stock.

Lyon, Hall & Lewis,

14 WEST MARKET SQUARE.

Bangor, April 27th, 1869. 1m

Mrs. Sara E. Wassatt,

Teacher of the Piano.

RESIDENCE No. 15 ESSEX STREET.

Oct. 5, 1868.

Political and Personal.

General [illegible], a candidate for Governor [illegible] at the head of the Grand Army of the Republic organization. Numerous leagues denies having filled any more paid any debts for purchases any [illegible] in the National Intelligencer, and says [illegible] never called Senator Cattell a "mulatto" or Senator Sherman a "telegraph," and that he was persuaded by "Ben Hill" to omit the signatures from the last [illegible] round of letters printed by him in the Globe. His denials are now about as plenty as have been his assertions.

There is a fierce rivalry between the friends of Senter and Stokes to secure the Republican nomination for Governor of Tennessee. Brownlow is out for Senter.

Colonel Forney, in his Southern travels, says that the tone of the Democratic papers at Richmond and of Lynchburg and of nearly all Virginia is still discourteous and defiant, and he adds: "From all I can hear, the [illegible] of Union officers and soldiers in the city (Richmond) is as severely maintained as it was directly after the fall of Richmond."

The Democratic presses of Virginia, at all events, are getting clearer ideas of the value of what the Petersburg Index sarcastically calls "the glorious Democracy of the North." It says: "Oh, they are a chivalric, glorious set! Their advice has always been high sounding and has always led to fair results. By all means, let their counsels guide us for the future."

Gen. Patrick H. Jones, the new postmaster at New York, was born in Ireland and came to this country when he was ten years old. He is now thirty-five years old. He is a lawyer by profession, and was Gov. Repton's partner before the war. He volunteered in May, 1861, and worked his way up from a private to brigadier general.

Letter from Virginia.

CULPEPPER C. H., Va., April 27, 1869.

Editors Whig & Courier:

It is now definitely understood that two [illegible] will be held on election [illegible] next month in this State, by the prospect Constitutionalists [illegible] already the several parties are getting ready for the struggle.

The Republicans [illegible] well organized throughout the State, and are confident of success, while on the other hand the Democrats [illegible] to divide, some being followers of the "Restoration of None," and others, rampant and radical Democrats, the latter believe in holding any of their peculiar notions of "State rights," because [illegible] I wish to you to know that a party started in Virginia [illegible] themselves the "true Republicans," which means that they ignore reconstruction [illegible] and are willing leaders in the [illegible] question, to the have, without the formality of a regular Convention, gotten up a new ticket with Gilbert C. Walker as candidate for Governor, having seceded from the regular nomination, made by our party at Petersburg the 9th of April last. [illegible] part of the little [illegible] Walker is himself a rampant [illegible] of the first water, but he happened to [illegible] the [illegible] one, [illegible] in favor [illegible] and [illegible] to [illegible] will just put [illegible] to their noses and tell Mr. Walker [illegible].

[illegible] the Constitution will be put [illegible] by them, but [illegible] to [illegible] and bound to vote for [illegible] in that instrument, they very properly believe, that it will be time enough to [illegible] on the "test oath" after the [illegible] Union men not content to [illegible]

Carriages,

Carriages.

The undersigned would respectfully inform their friends and the people that they now have on hand a large assortment of

Elegant Carriages,

and are building to order in the carriage line that want or taste can suggest, consisting in part of

Top & Open Rockaways of all Kinds, Side Spring Coaches, Boy Phaetons, Top and Open Buggies, Phaetons, Coupes, Carriages, Carryalls, Buggies, Concord Carriages of all kinds, Cabriolettes, Jubilee and Top Phaetons and Four-passenger Coupes, Clarence Coupes, Trotting Sulkies, Delivery Wagons, Kimball Patent Jump Seats, as well as various styles, &c., &c.

All our carriages are made in our own factories, under our own personal supervision, and we fully believe equal, if not superior, in quality and style may be built in the country, and being very much the largest carriage manufacturers in the State, we are enabled to employ the best help, and select the best material at low prices, therefore we can sell as cheap as inferior goods are sold elsewhere. All the people are invited to call and examine our stock before purchasing of others.

C. P. Kimball & Larkin,

PIERCE STREET, PORTLAND, ME.

C. P. KIMBALL. G. G. LARKIN.

Portland, Me., March 10, 1869. 3m28

Spring Millinery.

AT DWELLEY & CO'S.

Ribbons, Flowers, Ribbons, Shaker, &c.,

100 New Patterns for Stamping.

apr 27 3m*

Buy Me, and Put to Use Good.—Many a [illegible] and robs [illegible] of their health [illegible] by the use of DR. LANGLEY'S ROOT AND HERB BITTERS [illegible] alterative, cathartic, diuretic, expectorant, [illegible] and blood purifier, all in one. [illegible] by all druggists. [illegible] m3 [illegible]

Remnants!

RINES & NICHOLS

Have just received another Remnant of

HILL COTTON,

Also, Remnants of

Seamless Sheeting,

Bleached and Unbleached,

Which they are selling at about half the price of Regular Goods.

Rines & Nichols.

Removal.

THE STRICKLAND'S OFFICE will be at his rooms, corner of Main and Union streets, after April 27. apr 27 3t

Wanted,

A COMPOSITOR to work on Eight Dollar Paper. Permanent employment and good wages to the right man. Address

RECEIVED YESTERDAY,

PER CAMBRIDGE,

68 Rolls

Brussells, Tapestry & Wool

CARPETINGS.

—ALSO—

10,000 Rolls

ROOM PAPERS.

At large portion of the above were purchased with the winter and spring trade, they will be sold at such prices as to [illegible] out of the state.

A FEW

Remnants Carpetings

—LEFT TO BE SOLD CHEAP.

STICKNEY & ROBERTS.

Bangor, April 24, 1869. 3w

THE SAFE

Deposit Savings Bank,

No. 9 CENTRAL ST. - - BANGOR.

P. H. BLAKE, President.

T. H. SMITH, Cashier.

Interest allowed from date of deposit at the [illegible] per cent. per annum.

7-30 Per Cent. Per Annum

[illegible] for a short time.

Col. Schenck's U. S. A. Bonds.

TO HOLDERS OF GOVERNMENT BONDS, AND OTHER VALUABLE SECURITIES AND PAPERS.

Don't be [illegible] and run the risk of losing your Bonds and Valuables, as we have now put in the new Fire and Burglar Proof Vault, and "Shepherd's Check Lock," by one of the best in the country, which is considered by experts to be totally proof against burglars. Call and examine this Vault, and it is certainly worth your while.

P. H. BLAKE, President.

April 27, 1869. 3m Central St., Bangor.

"OUT OF SORTS."

Take DR. E. C. RICHARDSON'S SHERRY WINE BITTERS.—the most medicinal in the market. Exhilarating in its influence, and [illegible] in its combinations. [illegible] m3

GRAND MAY BALL,

At Exchange Hall, Oldtown.

The public are informed that a GRAND MAY BALL will be given at the above hall on THURSDAY, May 6th, 1869, by the Oldtown Band.

An extra train will leave Bangor at 6 P. M. A Rail Road will leave the Old Town Passenger depot, at 6 o'clock, calling at all the stations on the route, and return at 3 o'clock in the morning. The cars will be [illegible] Dancing to commence at 7 o'clock. Supper at 12 o'clock.

Tickets to Dance and Supper, $2.50

Tickets to Dance only, 1.50

Children, 3 and 12 years, .75

ARTHUR D. BROWN,

Chairman of Committee.

Sanford's Indopendent Line.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

On and after Monday, April 12th, the Steamer CAMBRIDGE, Capt. [illegible] will leave Bangor every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 4 P. M., for Hampden, at 11 o'clock A. M. Winterport at 12 o'clock, and Frankfort at 1 P. M., connecting with the Boston steamer, touching at all the usual landings.

Returning will leave Boston every TUESDAY and FRIDAY, at 5 o'clock P. M., touching as above, for Bangor.

Freight taken as low as by any other line.

Passage, $3.00

Meals extra.

LOOMIS TAYLOR, Agent.

At the Eastern Express Office, Bangor, April 7th, 1869.

Great Reduction of Fare s

ONLY

$20 to Chicago, First Class,

22 to Milwaukee. Do.,

From Portland or Danville Junction,

VIA

Grand Trunk Railway!

Michigan Central, Southern, Detroit and Milwaukee Railroads, and

PROPORTIONABLY LOW FARES

TO

ALL POINTS WEST,

BEYOND CHICAGO.

These Roads are now making good connection. This is decidedly the best route for families moving West.

BAGGAGE IS CHECKED THROUGH!

No Custom House inspection, hackling, or extra charges.

Tickets also by Boston and N. Y. Central, West.

Be sure and call at

22 West Market Square, Bangor.

WM. FLOWERS,

Eastern Agent.

Bangor, April 12, 1869.

DR. HOPKINS' IRON TONIC,

A Blood Purifier and Regulator,

CURES

Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Liver complaint, Sick Headache, Depression of Spirits, Neuralgia, Nervous Affections, Diseases of the skin, Consumptive tendencies, Chronic Diarrhœa, & diseases peculiar to Females.

MANUFACTURED BY

HOPKINS & CO., Proprietors of the celebrated Calcaric Troches and Electric Hair Restorer, 68 Main street, Charleston, Mass.

For sale by all Druggists. feb 27 sowly

NEW GOODS!

RINES & NICHOLS

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

A FULL STOCK

—OF—

SPRING GOODS,

WHICH THEY ARE SELLING

CHEAP.

Come and look them and hear their prices.

17 Main Street.

Bangor, April 14, 1869.

$1.00 KIDS, $1.00

IN ALL COLORS,

—FOR—

ONE DOLLAR.

EVERY PAIR WARRANTED.

RINES & NICHOLS.

apr14

No Postponement

POSITIVE SALE!

Must Be Sold!!

STONE & DAGGETT,

Will positively sell their

Old Stand, No. 2 Main Street,

IN EXACTLY

30 DAYS

From this date, April 12,

and during this time will offer

Everything in Stock,

—AT—

A GREAT DISCOUNT

FROM ACTUAL VALUE!

STONE & DAGGETT,

apr 14 No. 2 MAIN STREET.

Dr. Brown,

Office 25 Lewis Block, Main Street, Bangor,

Where he can be found [illegible] to treat successfully all

CHRONIC DISEASES,

Such as are related to the Blood [illegible] and will be collected a moderate fee. He

PURIFIES THE BLOOD,

CURES LOCAL WEAKNESSES, CANCERS, SCROFULA,

HUMORS,

and [illegible] Piano Tuning.

[illegible] HOOPER, [illegible] Boston, [illegible] to attend to the [illegible] and Repairing Pianos [illegible] Orders left at [illegible] W. Morrill's Music Store, [illegible] will receive prompt attention.

INSIDE ROUTE

Portland, Boston & Lowell Line is

[illegible] Wednesday and Saturday [illegible] Portland every [illegible] FRIDAY morning [illegible] Portland [illegible] Boston [illegible] and [illegible] evening.

Returning—Will leave Boston every [illegible] Tuesday and Friday, at 5 P. M., [illegible] Portland [illegible] Bangor.

Fare from Bangor to Boston, $4.00

Meals extra.

Freight taken as low as by any other line.

Bangor, April 14, 1869. 3m

LADIES & CHILDREN'S

HAIR DRESSING SALOON.

No. 2 Smith's Block,

(OPPOSITE [illegible])

[illegible] Peabody Medical Institute,

No. [illegible]

Opposite Revere House, Boston, Mass.

THE Trustees of this Institution, in announcing the [illegible] eminent and skillful physician, DR. ALBERT D. BROWN, would say to [illegible] Dr. Brown will be found [illegible] Dr. Brown's Medical Institute, [illegible] Boston, where he will receive

TELEGRAPHIC
TO THE
Whig & Courier.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, May 2.

It has been reliably ascertained that in instructions of this Government to Minister Motley do not suggest any mode of adjustment of the pending questions between the United States and Great Britain, nor do they require him at present to propose the reopening of negotiations for the settlement of the Alabama and other claims.

Our Government will act with deliberation due to this important subject, and carefully avoid any cause of offense, while firmly presenting the American side of the question to her Majesty's Government, when occasion shall require. No communication with the administration, including the President, nor does the British Minister understand any injurious consequences from the almost unanimous rejection of the Alabama claims by the Senate; and this is stated on the authority of gentlemen, who, from their official difficulties, made especial and careful inquiry in official circles, and thus informed themselves of the truth of the statement.

Statement of the Public Debt.

WASHINGTON, May 1.

The following is a statement of the public debt of the United States, on the first day of May, 1869:

Debt bearing coin interest—		
Bonds at 3 per cent issued before March 3, 1865,	$32,022,000 00	
Bonds at 6 per cent, (10-40s) issued under the act of March 3, 1864,	194,167,300 00	
Six per cent bonds, 1881,	283,677,400 00	
" 5-20	1,560,812,000 00	
Total,	$2,107,678,700 00	
Interest,	16,156,185 23	
Debt bearing interest in lawful money—		
Certificates at 3 per cent,	6,240,000 00	
Navy Pension fund at 3 per cent,	13,000 00	
Total,	63,240,000 00	
Interest,	1,071,700 00	
Debt bearing no interest—		
Demand and legal tender notes,	356,845,865 00	
Fractional currency,	36,850,023 40	
Gold certificates of deposit,	16,027,260 00	
Total,	407,723,368 40	
Debt on which interest has ceased since maturity,	5,671,513 60	
Interest,	356,620 75	
Grand Total,	2,688,941,382 04	
Interest accrued,	46,033,706 03	
Less amount of interest paid in advance,	3,206,700 00	
Interest,	46,491,706 03	
Total,	$2,035,192,888 12	
Amount in Treasury—		
Coin belonging to the Gov't,	92,281,732 90	
Coin for which certificates deposit are outstanding,	105,307,360 00	
Currency,	7,995,564 07	
Total,	116,284,407 03	
Debt less cash in the Treasury,	2,518,707,391 09	
Amount of the public debt less cash in the Treasury on the 1st ultimo,	2,525,166,450 74	
Decrease of the public debt during the past month,	6,389,078 65	

No bonds were issued to the Pacific Railroad in April. The statement, however, shows an increase of accrued interest of $284,201on the bonds of said Road since the last statement.

Cuban Matters.

NEW-YORK, May 1.

The Tribune says:

A week ago we announced the sailing of a Cuban expedition from this port. The vessel was the famous fast sailing schr. Grapeshot, memorable for the part she took in the capture of the Lewis Barker, indicted for killing of Wm Poole. She sailed from Hunter's Point, where for a week previous she had undergone extensive repairs. As her object and destination were kept perfectly secret she excited little or no curiosity among the few natives of that neighborhood. The sch was heavily loaded with boxes containing arms and munitions of war consisting of muskets, rifles, fixed ammunition for the latter, howitzers, &c., beside a number barrels containing about a million pounds of cartridges. These were placed in the hold taking to its utmost capacity while the deck was loaded with boxes containing harness and other light articles and the necessary water casks for the voyage. On the night of sailing 50 men were taken on board together with the necessary provisions, and the vessel quietly sailed on her hazardous undertaking under command of Capt. Kempton, formerly of the U S Navy. The Grapeshot has probably reached her destination ere this. The vessel it is understood was fitted out under the auspices of the Cuba Junta of New York city.

CABLE NEWS.

LONDON, May 1. Instructions have been sent to Commodore Phillimore, commanding the British West India Squadron, to demand of the Spanish authorities the restoration of the brig Mary Lowell, and an apology for her seizure.

St. Petersburg, May 1. The Russian Council of State propose to grant more power to the municipal councils throughout the empire, enlarge the number of voters, and modify the press law.

PARIS, May 1. Bourse stronger—Rentes 72f. 5c.

FRANKFORT, May 1. U. S. Five-twenties closed at 87.

LONDON, May 2. Advices from Paraguayan sources represent that President Lopez, with 10,000 men, is preparing to take the offensive.

MADRID, May 2. In the Constituent Cortes the debate on the new constitution has ended. All the amendments proposed have been rejected. The Cortes has voted amnesty for all persons who took part in the insurrections at Cadiz, Malaga, and Xeres. Deputy Castellar moved that amnesty be extended to the Carlists implicated in insurrectionary movements, but the motion was not agreed to.

A serious disturbance is apprehended at Saragossa. It is reported that the troops there are in a state of discontent and partial insubordination.

Safe Arrival at St Thomas of the Peruvian Monitor.

NEW YORK, May 1.

The Peruvian legation has received letters from St Thomas, dated the 23d ult., announcing the safe arrival at that port on the 22d of the Monitor Manco Capac, 14 days previous she had undergone extensive repairs. As her object and destination were kept perfectly secret she excited little or no curiosity among the few natives of that neighborhood. The sch was heavily loaded with boxes containing arms and munitions of war consisting of muskets, rifles, fixed ammunition for the latter, howitzers, &c., beside a number barrels containing about a million pounds of cartridges. These were placed in the hold taking to its utmost capacity while the deck was loaded with boxes containing harness and other light articles and the necessary water casks for the voyage. On the night of sailing 50 men were taken on board together with the necessary provisions, and the vessel quietly sailed on her hazardous undertaking under command of Capt. Kempton, formerly of the U S Navy. The Grapeshot has probably reached her destination ere this. The vessel it is understood was fitted out under the auspices of the Cuba Junta of New York city.

Gale at the Mouth of the Mississippi.

NEW ORLEANS, May 1.

A severe westerly gale yesterday at the mouth of the Mississippi swept away the pilings of the light-house and the light-keeper's dwelling.

At Southwest Pass it destroyed the light-house, boat's and blew three feet of water into the light-house and dwelling. The buildings settled one foot. The storm also damaged the rigging of vessels at the Pass.

Fires in Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, May 1.

The store of Curtis, Bowley & Co, in St. Joseph, Mo., was burned yesterday morning. Loss $15,000. Insured $5000.

A barrel of gasoline, standing before the lamp store of A. B. Botsford, in 2d Street, took fire this morning, and the lower floor of the building was pretty well burned out. The second floor was badly damaged by water, and much of the stock destroyed. The loss is not ascertained.

Arrest for Fraud

NEW ORLEANS, May 1.

A warrant for the arrest of J. C. Forbes, of the "Brig Colson fraude" fame, has been issued upon the affidavit of Supervisor Creecy. He is charged with fraudulently branding three thousand boxes of tobacco, shipped from Augusta, Ga. He left for Mississippi to-night to examine into other alleged irregularities.

Georgia Items.

AUGUSTA, Ga., May 2.

Heavy rains have fallen this afternoon and evening.

The health of Alexander H. Stephens is much improved to-day.

The crop accounts from all parts of this State are favorable.

From California.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 1.

The Central Pacific Railroad Company, yesterday, finished their portion of the road with the exception of two connecting rails, which Governor Stanford will lay Friday or Saturday of the present week. A celebration of the event will be held in this city and at Sacramento, for which extensive preparations have been made.

The first train already of the Salt Lake and Columbia River Railroad has been abandoned for the present and the surveyor has been recalled.

Gov. Seymour of British Columbia, with proceed to Nootka Sound in the gunboat Sparrow-hawk, to thoroughly investigate the circumstances connected with the wreck of the bark John Bright and the murder of her crew by the Indians.

Burning of a Church.

ROCHESTER, N Y, May 1.

About half past eight o'clock this evening a fire was discovered in the tower of the First Presbyterian Church in the rear of City Hall. The tower was destroyed and the interior of the church was badly damaged before the flames were suppressed. The chapel adjoining was somewhat damaged by the tower of the church falling upon it. The fire was the work of an incendiary.

Heavy Storm West.

NEW YORK, May 2.

Since yesterday morning until this evening a severe northeasterly storm has prevailed.

PHILADELPHIA, May 2.

The rain storm which has continued for the last two days was interrupted this morning by a fall of snow which lasted for an hour.

Death of the Southern Opinion.

RICHMOND, May 1.

The Southern Opinion announces its last publication this morning. The editor says that he has for some time thought that perhaps the mission of the Southern Opinion had been fulfilled, and adds that the distinct Southern principles upon which the paper was founded are dead in the hearts of the people. Another fact which he cannot but recognize is that no cause, however just and good, can long outlive defeat.

Large Fire

CHICAGO, May 1.

Fire this morning destroyed a whole block in Desmoines, Iowa. Loss over $50,000. Insurance $20,000. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary.

Miscellaneous Dispatches.

OSWEGO, May 1.

The propeller St. Albans arrived here last night from Milwaukee with a cargo of wheat. This is the first arrival from Lake Michigan.

FORTRESS MONROE, May 1.

U.S. steamer De Soto arrived here this morning, from New Orleans having on board the 17th Regiment of Infantry en route for Richmond.

Monetary Affairs.

NEW YORK, May 1

Warnke telegraphs from England today freely discussed in Wall Street and Bullion effect on gold premium, although stock and markets are not influenced to any extent.

American Gold
U S 6-20s 1862 (coupons)
" " 1864
" " 1865
" " 1865 (new issue)
" " 1867
" " 1868
10-40s coupons

Markets.

NEW YORK, May 1.

Cotton steady—sales 1600 bales—middling uplands at 25½@26¾c.

Flour—sales 7400 bbls—State and Western in a shade firmer for low grades—Superfine State at $5 80@5 80; extra State 5.90a 6.50; Round hoop Ohio, 6.60 @ 6.75; extra Western 6 55 @8.00; Southern dull and steady—sales 800 bbls—extra at 6.85@ 11.75.

Wheat quiet—sales 48,000 bush—No. 1 Spring 2.43 ; No 2 1.42a 1.44 in store and delivered.

Corn now is 1a 2 cents better; old closed shade firmer—sales 48,000—new mixed western 81@85 c; 89 and 83 @ 89 for old, in store; 90 afloat.

Oats are firm — sales 16,000 bush—Western at 85@86c.

Beef dull—sales 160 bbls—new plain mess 8.00@16.00; new extra do 12.00 @16.00.

Pork is lower—sales 700 bbls—new mess 30.90 a 31.25.

Lard is quiet—sales 60 tierces—sales at 17½@18¾.

Butter steady—Ohio 25 a 33; State 25 a 38.

Rice quiet.

Sugar heavy—sales 325 hhds—Muscovado at 11¾@12.

Coffee firm—sales 800 bags of Rio on private terms.

Molasses dull.

Naval Stores firm—strike turpentine at 48 a 48. Rosin 2.55 a 8.00.

Petroleum is dull — crude, 17¼ cents; refined bonded at 32¼ cents.

Tallow steady.

Wool firm—sales 250,000 pounds domestic fleece at 45a 50.

Freights to Liverpool declining—Cotton per sail 1-64.

CHICAGO, May 1. Flour is dull—Spring at 5.50 a 6.25.

Wheat is lower — No 1 1.14¼ a 1.15; No. 2 at 1.09¾.

Corn firmer—No 1 68¼ a 69; new 67@68¼c.

Oats active at advance of ½ a 1 cent—sales of No 2 58¾ a 59.

Judge James C. Taylor, candidate for Attorney General on the Independent Republican ticket in Virginia, has written a letter in which he says:

"I am a supporter of the present administration of the National Government as far as I am able to understand it. I agree with the President that we, as a people, cannot hope for peace and quiet until there is a uniform rule of suffrage adopted throughout the United States. I am in favor of the removal of all political disabilities from the people of this State, and particularly hope to see them stand free from every political encumbrance. We must either support the National Government or oppose it. We cannot stand still. By supporting it we hope for peace, prosperity—by opposing it, discord, sorrow and poverty, must be our fate. As for my part—let others do as they may—I will support the government to which I have sworn allegiance. If this be treason, make the most of it.

THE NEW INDIAN POLICY. The President, under authority given him in the last Indian appropriation bill, has designated the following named gentlemen to act as commissioners of an unpaid commission of ten to aid him in the inferior Department in carrying out his Indian policy—

E. S. Torry of Boston, William E. Dodge of New York, George H. Stuart of Philadelphia, William Welsh of Philadelphia, John Shanuon of Pittsburg, J. J. Barwell of Chicago, Robert Campbell of St. Louis.

Two or three other gentlemen may be appointed in the course of a month or two to complete the commission. The position was tendered to Col. Yeatman, of St. Louis, could not accept. These gentlemen will give the principal part of their services this season to the work in the Sioux reservation on the upper Missouri River. Two of them are to meet Gen. Parker, the Commissioner of the Indian Bureau, in New York, whither he goes to make the usual spring purchases, which Mr. Taylor was compelled from making last week by an order from the Secretary of the Interior. The commissions for the Quakers who have been appointed and confirmed as Indian agents, will be forwarded to them early next week, and they will be expected immediately thereafter to go to the their respective fields of labor. The Hicksite branch of the Society has the Nebraska superintendency, and the orthodox branch the Kansas superintendency. Each body will appoint from among its own members an inspector, who serves without pay from the government, and whose duty will be to go about among the Quaker agents and report on their doings to the society and General Grant.

The Washing Star of Wednesday prints the following:

Senator Schurz called at the White House yesterday. The President is said to have remarked—

"General, I see by the Democratic papers that you and I have been having a fierce fight."

"Yes," said Schurz, "that is the first I had heard of it."

"Well," said the President, "it isn't fiercer on your side than it is on mine, it isn't much of a fight."

"Well, if it isn't fiercer on your side than it is on mine, we can afford to make up," responded the Senator, jocularly.

"Well, let's make up," said General Grant.

LOCAL AND MAINE ITEMS.

—May Day was unusually bright and comfortable for this latitude, and the May Flowers were abundant. Our people, and especially the youthful portion, celebrated the occasion very extensively with parties in the woods and tramps in the field.

—Patrick Cassidy, of Bangor, May 1st, and John Cobb was brought before the Court for disturbance of all quietude, disturbing the whole neighborhood of parts of children who were playing at Birch Hill, and he was found guilty. He was fined $1,00 and costs, amounting to $6.80, and was sent to jail for non-payment.

—In the case of the proprietors of the Penobscot House vs. Jacob E. Munro, tried in this city on Friday, the Hon. Jury rendered the verdict to be paid for out-door custom, and found the defendant guilty of having liquor intended for out-door sale, and imposed fines of $50 and costs upon each, from which the appeal was taken.

—Many choice vocal music in the Government Building, Washington on Friday and Saturday evening, as we notice the presence of Mr. A. H. Brock, formerly connected with the press in this city, to be foreman of the Post Office Printing.

—Salmon are running large this season from all appearances, and those who catch them are doing a lively business. Wednesday four hundred and one fish were caught in our river, the smallest of which weighed about 8 lbs.

—We were startled by a dull, unremitting explosion this morning. The editor says that he has for some time thought that perhaps the mission of the Southern Opinion had been fulfilled, and adds that the distinct Southern principles upon which the paper was founded are dead in the hearts of the people. Another fact which he cannot but recognize is that no cause, however just and good, can long outlive defeat.

—Mr. Longfellow, [illegible] of the Cumberland Bar, [illegible] badly injured on Friday, while [illegible] Boston. It will probably be [illegible] by for a little while.

—Two young men having got on a rather full head of steam on Saturday afternoon, got a team and drove [illegible] town, at such a rate as to bring them [illegible] the Watch House, where they were [illegible] time. They were fined one dollar yesterday morning in consideration of which [illegible] they washed out.

—Philip Phillips, the well known singer and philanthropist, delighted a large audience in this city during the session of the East Maine Conference, and will probably give a concert while here.

—The oldest police holder in the city, to Capt. James H. Stewart of the night police, who has served faithfully twenty-five years in that capacity.

—The sale of tickets for Mr. Andrews' Juvenile Exhibition Ball has commenced at Bartlett's Music Store. Those wishing front seats at the Gallery, will do well to secure them immediately. After the entertainment there will be a dance. Old and young come prepared to participate in this. Mr. Andrews' list dances of the season. Dancing will commence at two o'clock. A good list of Floor Managers will be found in another column.

BANGOR PRODUCE MARKET. Monday Noon, May 3d.—Hay comes in plenty, and the high quality finds a ready sale at $15 to $16; poor quality finding buyers at from $10 to $14; long straw is worth from $10 to $12. Ceiling high, as there are but little brought to market. As the roads are getting to be in good repair, potatoes begin to occupy the largest space in the bracket, selling to-day at from 45 to 50 cents. But little or no supply is coming in from Boston market, but to-day there have arrived about 4 cents yellow eyed beans 2.75, and extra pea beans 2.50 to 2.60. We should quote good butter from 40 to 42 cents, and an extra article at from 42 to 45 cents; eggs 20 cents and coming in plenty, and the price may be lower; dressed hogs 11 to 12 cents; apples 11 to 16 cents.

The above prices are based upon those in our streets for produce from country teams.

The Boston market is largely at a stand with potatoes, and prices continue to ceiling dull at from 42 to 45 cents for Eastern and 20 to 25 cents Western. We saw the sale of potatoes at Bartlett, Me., to-day from 40 to 42 cents per bushel by the car load.

DEXTER AND NEWBURY PRICE CURRENT. Below we find the prices of produce, &c., at Dexter and Newburyport, according to the Observer—

Ashes, Salts 2.20 to 2.30; flour, 6.00 to 11.00; corn meal, 1.80 per bushel; rye, 3.00; barley, 2.00 to 2.75; per bushel; corn, 1.25; beans, 2.00 to 2.50; oats, 80 to 85c.; potatoes, 30 and 40; dried apples, 12 to 20; butter, 30 to 35; cheese, 20 cts per pound; eggs, 22 cents per dozen; lard 22 and 24; beef steak, 22 to 25 per pound; round beef, 14 to 16; hay, 12.00 to 14.00 per ton, hard wood 4.00 to 5.00 per cord; soft wood, 3.00 per cord.

—Mr. Geo. W. Lane of Orono, has been appointed by the Penobscot Boom Co. and Penobscot Lumbering Association, the Superintendent of [illegible] out of the boom, thereby [illegible] the boom.

—We are informed from Portland that Capt Sullivan of the Half Way House reports the steamer St. Blondel Rock at 11 last night. The weather being clear, the sea calm, night [illegible]. Friday morning the British was steering Royalist went to her assistance and carried the news to Barrington. She will be a total loss. The tide flows through all the compartments. The Royalist would return and help save the cargo.

—The Bremen of Portland are on a "strike," and propose to send their resignation in to the City Council this Monday evening.

—The Lewiston Journal says the residence of Mr. Howard Houghton was burned at Waterford, Thursday forenoon, April 29th, together with the stables, which with part of the house was now last season. All of his provisions and part of the furniture was consumed, so rapid was the combustion. The barn was saved by strenuous efforts, although several times on fire. Mr. Houghton has a small insurance in the Waterford Mutual.

—The following is a list of patents issued to citizens of Maine and bearing date of April 27th: L. Abbott, Lewiston, Pipe Coupling; W. H. Knight, East Machias, Mowing Machine; L. McClellan, Gorham, Culinary Boiler; J. M. Leach and S. Hutchings, Penobscot, Chain Plate Attachment.

—The Portland Argus learns that one of the workmen in the Britannia Ware Factory at Westbrook, got entangled, Friday, in some of the machinery and was injured very severely, being mangled in a shocking manner. His name is Clarke Blake, of South Paris.

—The Dover Observer says that Mr. Daniel Orcutt of this town, has the largest and most valuable pair of cattle in that county. They are 6 years old, girt 7 feet 8 inches, and weigh 8800 pounds. They took the first premium at the County Fair last fall.

—Morris Brothers Minstrels delighted a full house at Norombega on Saturday evening, by their capital performances. The little monkey, "Mack" can't be beat.

—The store of C. R. Bennett in Sanford, was broken open on Saturday night, 24th ult, and a small amount of goods taken. The thief has not yet been discovered, says the Biddeford Journal.

—The Portland Advertiser of Friday is printed upon wild rice paper.

—The editor of the Brunswick Telegraph saw ice quilters last Wednesday, and they came with hand forgings.

—The Princeton Woolen Mill have been put in operation again for the coming season's business, says the Eastport Sentinel.

—The Eastport Sentinel learns by parties from Grand Manan, N B, that the ship Imperial, of Liverpool, was wrecked in the gale of Wednesday last upon St Mary's ledge, on Grand Manan, and all supposed all hands were lost. On visiting the wreck a last year's record book was found, belonging to Capt Ham, and also letters bearing his name; a portion of the bow with the ship's name, and a number of spars were picked up. A part of the upper work of the ship, drifted up to Grand Manan, her bottom being in seven fathoms of water, [illegible] of the masts sticking out. The storm on Wednesday was terrible, and all hands could [illegible] such a gale, so that it is but reasonable to presume that none of the crew escaped alive.

—The Skowhegan Reporter says the Somerset Railroad is being pushed forward rapidly. Mr. Thompson, the corporate contractor, promises connection by rail with Norridgewock long before the year is out.

—The Skowhegan Reporter says that the liquor agency in Canaan was broken open Monday night, but before the parties had obtained the ardent they were discovered and recognized. A warrant is out, and their arrest is expected.

—The Argus says that Enoch Knight, who withdrew from the editorial department of the Advertiser, is to be attached to the editorial corps of the Portland Press.

—Charles Bullard of Massachusetts, had his arm up badly shattered while engaged in hooking rocks last week, that amputation will be necessary, says the Portland Press.

The perpetrator of the recent robberies in Yarmouth has been discovered. Some months ago fastened suspicion upon a resident of the town; but before they got ready to arrest him he took sudden leave on a schooner bound for Boston.

We learn from the Portland Press that it has been decided that the New England Fair, to be held in Portland, shall be open to breeders of choice animal from the Provinces, as well as from any of the United States. Gentlemen who propose to exhibit from Canada, and expressing a desire to do so, will be allowed permission to show their stock. Arrangements were entered into looking to a good representation from Kentucky and other Western States.

The Portland Advertiser says that an attempt was made Tuesday night to enter the dwelling house of Thomas O'Connor, No. 8, Fore Street, Portland. Mr. O'Connor was absent from the city, and the burglars tried both the lower and upper windows and the back door, and failed in all attempts. The house was robbed of $1375 in Dec.

HORRIBLE! The Lewiston Journal says: "Nine two men were drinking lager beer in a saloon in a city not a thousand miles from Lewiston, last week, one of them strangled and dropped his glass upon the counter. The friend sprang to his assistance, but he was fast becoming black in the face, and a physician was immediately called in. By prompt exertions the strangling mass was removed, the doctor having drawn from his throat a small white lump, which had produced the strangulation. On an examination of the lump, it was found to resemble the toe of a human being, very much shrivelled, but bearing a portion of a nail. In the keg from which the beer had been drawn was found the little finger of a man's hand. Though shrivelled by contact with the liquid in which it had been immersed, it had evidently belonged to the hand to which it had belonged. The nail was perfect, but hung loosely up the flesh. There is something also besides deeds in the ale and lager beer pot."

The Farmer says the ship Alexander, owned by A. Loman, Esq., of Bath, Capt. Rawden, sailed from Sub Prance on the 1st of October last, for Liverpool, and not having been heard from since the last apprehension is felt for her safety. The A was built in Bath, in 1856, and registered 1600 tons; she had a cargo of 57,000 bushels of wheat, valued at $41,230. Freight Richard Bucknell, which arrived at Liverpool on the 10th inst., reports [illegible] the Alexander Nov. 20th, in lat. 40 S., long 120 W. The weather was fine for the following 20 days.

Joel H. Clark of Augusta, was before the police court of that city on Friday for the heinously whipping his adopted son, about nine years of age. The little fellow had run away from home to a neighbor's house, remaining three or four hours, and this took meeting the man, Clark dragged him from bed and whipped him in a most cruel and shocking manner. His back exhibited a horrible spectacle, being covered with swollen ridges and red marks. In this case he was fined $3 and costs. The boy was sent to the almshouse, whom at least he will be out of the way of his cruel father, says the Journal.

LIQUOR DEALERS QUARREL. The Bellast Journal in the course of a tirade against the enforcement of the Maine Law in that city says:

A couple of citizens who have in times past dealt a little in the ardent, bought most of their stock of a Boston dealer, who is now a resident here. A dispute about the account led to a quarrel. The local seller alleges that the wholesale dealer employed, or pretended to procure evidence against them, to be used in prosecution. In retaliation they have commenced suits for the recovery of all the money paid for liquors in time past, amounting to several thousand dollars, and attached property. The lawyers say the claim is good under the Maine law, and can be enforced. So the diamond cut diamond.

CARIBOU. A Caribou correspondent of the Aroostook Times, under date of the 24th ult., furnishes the following local items:

The ice went out of the Aroostook river last week, and came very near taking the piers with it. It took off the ice cutter. Two of the piers are started, and it will cost about $100 to repair the damage.

I understand that the bridge at Maysville received some damage by the ice, and the bridge at Fort Fairfield was considerably damaged. The ice jammed and caused the water to rise 10 feet at Otter Brook.

Workmen are at work on the new woolen factory, and Mr. Ekered intends to have it ready for operation this fall.

A grand celebration of the 4th of July is in contemplation.

Caribou is a stirring little village, and is bound to go ahead.

SINGULAR CASE. The Farmington Chronicle says: About two years ago the only son of Capt. C. Fay, of this village, about 18 years old, while kicking a football, fell, and a small piece of brick bruised the leg just above the knee. A short time afterwards he took cold in the wound while bathing, and it changed to something similar to a fever sore. From that time to Sunday last, the sore had been discharging, till the bone of the leg was nearly gone. What little of the bone there was left, broke of its own accord on Saturday last, snapping as it broke with a sharp report. The leg was amputated by Dr. Spalding at the hip, Sunday, and the boy was as comfortable as could be expected.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONY. The following letter which we find published in the Herald of Mechanic Falls, from a venerable and estimable citizen of that place, will be read with pleasure:

MR. EDITOR—I have just left my business as a hotel keeper. It is often said by whiskey drinkers that a man cannot keep a hotel without selling ardent spirits. I know I have been in the business here for twenty-three years, have paid all my supply bills and made more than $7000, and yet I have never sold one drop of spirituous liquor, not even cider. Besides I have had one eight of the competitors in the hotel business since I came here, some of them had men and rumsellers, but thank God, by the aid of Temperance men, I have been sustained, and I now feel them all. I have deemed it my duty to keep temptation out of the way of my sons and daughters that I have reared, and the consequence is that they are now respectable men and women. I pray that at least a fair share of this world's goods. I am thankful to say that the village is nearly clear of this vile traffic. I believe that moral force enough aroused to put it, altogether. Therefore let us unite on and all, as one, say to the rum-seller, "You must and shall stop your deadly traffic." Yours truly, WM. COMB.

A MYSTERIOUS AFFAIR—A Maine Man found in a Hollow Stump!

[From the Detroit Free Press, April 22d.]

Yesterday afternoon parties came into the vicinity of Grosse Isle, in the eastern portion of the township of Grosse Ile, near the line of the Detroit and Milwaukee Railroad, about four miles from the junction, reporting that a man had been found concealed in a hollow stump just west of the railroad, by some men engaged in chopping wood, and who attracted to the place by the barking of a dog which they had with them.

It was further stated that the person who owns the wood would give no account of him, only that he had been nearly a week in the swamp, and had also been without food for that length of time. Upon this information Officer Dupee was dispatched to the place in question, with orders to investigate and bring the mysterious person in. Upon arriving at the spot he was directed to a large stump which had been hollowed out by fire, and in the bottom of which the man was still lying rolled up upon a scanty bed of leaves and straw. Upon being given to understand that he must come out, he did so with reluctance, presenting a comical appearance, his face blackened with smut from the walls of his narrow domicile, his features pinched with hunger, and his limbs cramped and distorted from the closeness of his recent quarters. Being asked what he was doing there, he began in a whining and whining manner to say that he might as well stay in there and die as to be hung. On being further questioned he said he started from St. Joseph, Mercers, a week ago Monday last, on his way to Portland, Me., for parents and brothers and sisters living in that State; that he was being pursued for something he had done there—what it was he refused to tell—that on reaching this city on Wednesday, the 14th inst., he had no money, but went out to the place where he was found and crawled into the stump with the intention of remaining there till death. He thinks he must have gone on, as he had little or no recollection of anything that occurred after that time. He was accompanied by Justice Austin, on a warrant for hiding disorderly person. His examination will take place to-morrow (Friday.)

The man described is about 5 feet 6 inches in height, dark brown hair, full beard of the same hue, wears neat calf boots, black pants and jacket, and light overcoat, presenting generally respectable appearance. He is apparently about 24 or 25 years of age, and gives his name as James N Parsons.

The conduct and explanation rendered the affair more than ordinarily mysterious, and the public will no doubt be anxious to learn the whole facts in the case. The man is evidently insane, and has undoubtedly been without food for many days, as he ate with avidity the bread and meat furnished him by Officer Dupee, and upon arriving at the village was seen to drink water that was allowed him on the cars, and upon arriving at the village was seen to drink water that was allowed him on the cars, and upon arriving at the village was seen to drink water that was allowed him on the cars

Whig & Courier

The Northeastern Boundary

Military Importance of the European and Railway

To the Editor of the New York Times:

In connection with the pe... certain claims of Massachu... against the United State... which have been pledged ... tion of the work of ... North American Railway, ... submit to the public thro... the following observation... tional aspects of that ques...

The obligation of Congr... the claims of Massach... withstanding and respect... relations of the States to ... obligation of Congress ... whatever may be found ... claims, is a high duty of ... circumstances can strengthen ... no circumstance can ... the utmost time to exam... foreign country claims of ... doubtfully depend upon ... sideration expedience w... and which the present co... seems proper to take into ... pose to which these claim... feared.

The geographical impo... story of Maine has ... selected ... Powers which have succe... ed for supremacy in North ... trolling, as it does, for ... the connection of the V... Lawrence with the ocean. ... importance of that event ... people. What only the ... ed two hundred years ag... cent of that valley began ... lands known by adven... and will not it was yet an ... ortion becomes apparent ... intelligence of the world ... tion is embellished by gre... plus a large and rapidly ... tion.

The general events of ... between England and Fra... of the Mississippi and ... Maine, the conquering, with ... the sovereignty remaining ... with the citizens of Quebec ... ers, are well known. ... effectually ... discovery and ... lands and family claims ... after its cession by the ... Commissioners, which ... 1821, into the two Provinces ... and New Brunswick. ... and the west was ... Hence, to ascertain ... Maine, it is necessary ... Treaty of 1783, and ... Powers which ... Maine, both ... and the ... Commissioners ... Maine ... Mount Desert and Castine, ... Baptist of Jesuit missions ... and the Kennebec ... lished the Pemaquid ... evidence that ... ea, possessed a ... dinary ... in mind ... the discovery of the New ... and up the two great ... Saint Lawrence. ... the territory ... and power ... those held by the English ... according to the ... Bonaparte. ... the return ... and Nova Scotia ... lands for colonization which ... the English in the history ... would have been entirely ... them, who took possession ... ness in Europe ... the necessity of ... the possession ... east and territory of ... united in 1620, in ... Canada, the ... territory. ... 21st, 1620. Capitu... Governor of Lower ... the conquest of the English ... the occupation of Maine. ... a memorable in history, ... Pemaquid ... and ... the ... Indians and English col... conflicts ... the struggle for the ... possession of Maine, both ... settled in 1607 by the ... Sagadahoc, ... the mouth of ... which flowed to the ... Penobscot Bay, ... the ... the boy of ... or Indian ... of ... Ridge ... Atlantic Ocean within ... the treaty of 1783. ... New Scotland and Canada, ... New Power of revolutionary and ... dent America, which ... the long-contested territory of Maine, obtruding itself ... to the North more than a degree beyond ... the latitude of Quebec, and Nova Scotia ... and Canada to the ... between the United States and Great Britain ... did not create new boundaries. It only ... recognized the actually existing boundaries ... of the States which had made good by ... the sword their claim to independence. ... The boundaries of Maine when a part of ... Massachusetts ... fixed on the ... at the St. Croix by the treaty of Ryswick, ... and on the north by the highlands separating ... the waters of the St. Lawrence from ... those of the Atlantic, by royal proclamation ... in 1763, defining the limits of the Province ... of Quebec, continued by act of Parliament in 1774. ... George III., retaining the sovereignty ... of the Provinces acquired ... from the French, and perceiving that the ... territory of Maine was essential to their ... secure communication, refused to treat for new ... boundaries. He insisted that the St. John ... River, forming a portion of the eastern ... boundary of Maine instead of the St. ... Croix, might be fixed as the eastern boundary of the United States, so as to secure to ... Massachusetts the whole island of the St. ... Croix, which ... was then a British Crown. But Massachusetts would listen to no ... her established limits, and he was at length ... acknowledged the Independence of all ... the American States, with their boundaries as actually existing, including Maine, ... as extending, the territory stretching far ... to the north, and to the height of the waters ... of the St. Lawrence.

The war of ... consideration ... George III., and ... That portion of Maine ... of the St. John, ... a route of military ... between Halifax and ... and the ... Quebec ... Lawrence. ... That portion of Maine ... of the St. John, ... a route of military ... between Halifax and ... and the ... Quebec ... Lawrence. At the ... a road ... is completed ... to the City ... With the ... and by means of the ... extensive ... the ... Province ... materials by ... prepare the ... for the ... from ... Brunswick, ... Nova Scotia, ... Prince Edward ... Newfoundland ... Total ... The railroad ... New Brunswick and ... forward ... almost ... addition to ... Lower, ... and ... John eastward ... granted ... for 203 ... eighty-eight ... European ... America. ... The Government of Nova Scotia ... completed ... and ... one year ... miles. ... our connection ... Canada will be ... the European and ... within the State of Maine. Of the ... miles, 55 extend up the Penobscot River ... from Bangor, and will be finished this ... Autumn by the aid of the loan of the credit of the city for $1,000,000. The work ... mediately to be provided for the fifty-seven ... miles from the Penobscot River to the ... eastern line of Maine, through an almost ... unbroken forest ... private wealth nor municipal credit which ... can be made use of. It is for this fifty-... seven miles of road that Massachusetts ... and Maine have liberally loaned their ... claims against the United States. So far ... as Massachusetts is concerned, it is argued ... not only outside of its limits, but far re... moved from them; and also ... made from them prompted to the gift by nothing but an ... enlightened and patriotic ... Maine, as more ... immediately interested, ... and assigned to this work ... mountain of three-quarters of a million of ... acres, in addition to her claims against the ... United States.

—GEO. M. WESTON.

REAL ESTATE.

House for Sale or Rent.

A new and first class House, situated on ... Street for sale. If not sold within thirty ... will be let ... a term of years. Enquire of ... GEO. W. L. D. ... Bangor, April 1, 1869

For Sale.

House and Lot ... State Street. House ... rooms ... only now, in good repair. Enquire ... at the Exchange. M. F. HOBART.

Real Estate for Sale.

HOUSE ... and ... Wood ... House ... located ... about ... and ... a pleasant walk from the P. O. office. ... Also ... House two ... Cities, East ... Kenduskeag. Well ... and ... trees ... to each ... minutes' walk ... the P. O. office. ... Apply to PHILO. H. or PHILIP COMBS.

To Lease.—St. Lawrence House

AND FURNITURE FOR SALE. ... All now ... Hotel for ... Is now ... and ... with modern improvements. Being ... in want of a ... place, apply soon to ... H. GILLISETTE. ... Portland, April 1, 1869.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE,

In Upper Stillwater, Village.

The subscriber ... House ... Lot of Land ... connected ... forming ... and ... Cottage ... Also ... Lot ... Land ... fronting on ... Road ... Also ... Lot ... Land ... fronting on ... Road ... Also ... Lot ... Land ... fronting on ... Road